1. **Expression**: comprises variables, operators, and method invocations.
   1. Constructed according to syntax of language that evaluates to a single value.
   2. Return data type relative to elements in expression.
   3. Examples
      1. result = 1 + 2
      2. value == value2
      3. Compound expressions: value = 1 \* 2 \* 3
         1. Make unambiguous as to order of operations using ()s.
2. **Expression statement**: complete unit of execution and terminating semicolon.
   1. Assignment: aValue = 8933.234;
   2. Increment: aValue++;
   3. Method invocation: System.out.println("Hello World!");
   4. Object creation: Bicycle myBike = new Bicycle();
   5. Declaration: double aValue = 8933.234;
   6. Regulated by control flow statements.
3. **Block**: 0 or more statements between {} braces, used wherever a single statement is allowed.